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GARY M. OLSON

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When Recorded Return To: Riverview Community Bank Document Title(s) DEED OF TRUST Grantor(s) JAMES AND PAM BURCHELL Grantee(s) RIVERVIEW COMMITY BANK Legal Description N1/2.5W.1/4.SE.1/4.SEC16.T3N R10E Assessor's Property Tax Parcel or Account Number 03101600100 Reference Numbers of Documents Assigned or Released
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DEED OF TRUST
Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.
(A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated
Borrower is the trustor under this Security Instrument. (C) "Lender" is Riverview Community Bank
under the laws of THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA organized and existing 700 N.E., FOURTH AVERNE, Camas, WA 98607 Lender's address is Lender is the beneficiary list Security Instrument.
The Note means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated March 13, 2001  The Note states that Borrower owes Lender Forty Thousand Right Hurdred Ten and 33/100  Dollars (U.S. \$ 40810.33 ) plus interest. Borrower has promised to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than
Property.  Property.  (G) "Loan" means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Lecture 1.
Riders are to be executed by Borrower [check box as applicable]:  Adjustable Rate Rider  Balloon Rider  Planned Unit Development Rider  I 4 Family Rider  Biweekly Payment Rider  Biweekly Payment Rider
(I) "Applicable Law" means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, (J) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments" means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners (K) "Flectronic Funds Transform".
draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument,  WASHINGTON—Single Family Family Family 1.01

computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, wire transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers.

(L) "Escrow Items" means those items that are described in Section 3.

(M) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages described in Section 5) for: (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.

(N) "Mortgage Insurance" means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan.

(O) "Periodic Payment" means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and interest under the Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3 of this Security Instrument.

(P) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation, Regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor legislation or regulation that governs the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan" even if the Loan does not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loan" under RESPA. (Q) "Successor in Interest of Borrower" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower's obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument. TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; and (ii) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower Irrevocably grants and conveys to Trustee, in trust, with power of sale, the following described property located in the CANTY. ..... of . SKAMANIA [Name of Recording Jurisdiction] A TRACT OF LAND IN THE NORTH HALF OF THE SOUTHWEST QUARTER OF THE SOUTHEAST QUARTER OF SEACTION 16 TOWNSHIP 3 NORTH RANGE 10 EAST OF THE WILLAMETTE MERIDIAN, IN THE COUNTY OF SKAMANIA, STATE OF WASHINGTON, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

LOT 3, OF THE STEPHEN ZIEGLER SHORT PLAT, RECORDED IN BOOK 3
OF SHORT PLATS PAGE 227, ALSO RECORDED IN BOOK 3 OF SHORT PLATS PAGE 230 SKAMANIA COUNTY RECORDS which currently has the address of PO BOX 86 WHITE SALMON (City) ....., Washington ..... 98672 ("Property Address"): TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property." BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seised of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record. THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real

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UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges. Borrower shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note. Borrower shall also pay funds for Escrow Items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. Security Instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may return any payment or partial payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Loan current. Lender may accept any payment or partial payment is refuse such payment or partial payments in the future, but Lender is not obligated to apply such payments at the time such payments are accepted. If each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unapplied funds. Lender may hold such unapplied funds until Borrower makes payment to bring the Loan Uniform Mashington—Single Family—Famile Mae/Freddie Mac Uniform Instrument

WASHINGTON—Single Family—Famile Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT ems, Inc., St. Cloud, MN Form MD-1-WA 8/21/2000 ICAN #: 700190512 (page 2 of 9 pag

current. If Borrower does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall either apply such funds or return them to Borrower. If not applied earlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding principal balance under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which Borrower might have now Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all under the Note; (D) principal due under the Note; (C) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied in the following order of priority; (a) interest due under the core; (D) principal due under the Note; (C) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Applied first to late charges, second to any other amounts due under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

If Lender receives a payment from Borrower for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the Borrower to the repayment of the Periodic Payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from full. To the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the delinquent payment and the Borrower to the repayment of the Periodic Payments in the full payment for payment for priority applied first to any prepayment for the Periodic Payments in the Note.

Any application of payment, is under the payment in applied to the full payment and the Payments, insurance provided in the Note.

3. Funds for Escrew Hems, Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, as unit the Payment of the Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, as unit the Payment of the Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the N

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a lender can reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with Applicable

Law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in specified under RESPA. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow liems no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lender shall not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually Funds and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in writing or interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender can agree in writing, however, that interest shall be required by RESPA.

paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender.

4. Charges; Liens, Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, leasehold payments or the tenth that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Borrower shall prompt, discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing such agreement; (b) contests the lien in good faith by, or the enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent enforcement of the lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the can attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien of the actions set forth above in this Section 4.

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WASHINGTON—Single Family—Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Bankers Systems, Inc., St. Cloud, MN Form MD-1-WA 8/21/2000 LOAN #: 700190512 (page 3 of 9 page)

Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan.

5. Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can change during the term of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification. Sorrower shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower.

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equiry in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower's equiry in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard o

acknowledges that the cost of the insurance everage so obtained and any previously in effect. Borrower insurance that Borrower could have obtained, Any amounts disbured gill significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower crouds have obtained. Any amounts disbured the cost of insurance profess required by Lender and renewals of such interest, upon notice from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such indicates, and shall name bender a right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name bender as mortgage and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to bold the policies and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance overage, and otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall beinde a standard mortgage clause and shall name be not some standard of the standard mortgage clause and shall name be not some standard mortgage clause and shall name be not some standard mortgage clause and shall name be not some standard mortgage clause and shall name be not some standard mortgage clause and shall name be not some standard mortgage clause and shall name be not some standard mortgage clause and shall name be not some standard mortgage clause and shall name be not some standard mortgage clause and shall name be not some standard mortgage clause and shall not s

WASHINGTON—Single Family—Famile Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Bankers Systems, Inc., St. Cloud, MN Form MD-1-WA 8/21/2000 LOAN #: 700190512 (page 4 of 9 pages) 9. Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument. If (a) Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, (b) there is a legal proceeding that might significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture, for regulations), or (c) Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Property. Lender's actions can include, but are not limited to: (a) paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument; (b) appearing in court; and (c) paying reasonable attorneys' fees to in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not limited to, entering the Property to building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and have utilities turned on or off. Although cobligation to do so. It is agreed that Lender incurs no liability for not taking any or all actions authorized.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional data.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting

disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

10. Mortgage Insurance if Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the Mortgage Insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the Mortgage Insurance coverage required by Lender ceases to be available from the mortgage insurer that previously provided such insurance and Borrower was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the Cost to Borrower of the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to selected by Lender. If substantially equivalent Mortgage Insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall continue to pay to Lender the amount of the separately designated payments that were due when the insurance coverage ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a non-refundable loss reserve in lieu of Mortgage Insurance. Such loss reserve shall be non-refundable, notwithstanding the fact that the Loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender requires to be required to pay if Mortgage Insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires sparately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain Mortgage Insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender providing for such termination or until termination is r

Mortgage Insurance reimburses Lender (or any entity that purchases the Note) for certain losses it may incur if Borrower does not repay the Loan as agreed. Borrower is not a party to the Mortgage Insurance.

Mortgage insurers evaluate their total risk on all such insurance in force from time to time, and may enter into agreements with other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms and conditions that are satisfactory to the mortgage insurer and the other party (or parties) to funds that the mortgage insurer may have available (which may include funds other party (or parties) to funds that the mortgage insurer may have available (which may include funds obtained from Mortgage Insurer may have available (which may include funds obtained from Mortgage).

As a result of these agreements, Lender, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any reinsurer, any other entity, or any affiniate of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that exchange for sharing or modifying the mortgage insurer's risk, or reducing losses. If such agreement paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed "captive reinsurance." Further:

(a) Any such agreements will not affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to pay for Borrower will owe for Mortgage Insurance, and they will not entitle Borrower to any refund; Mortgage Insurance or for Mortgage Insurance or fact the rights Borrower has a find any with respect to the include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and other cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance premiums that were uncerned at the time of such cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance premiums that were uncerned at the time of such cancellation or remination.

It has ignored to and shall be paid to Lender.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically reasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair an

WASHINGTON—Single Family—Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Bankers Systems, Inc., St. Cloud, MN Form MD-1-WA 8/21/2000 LOAN #: 700190512 (page 5 of 9 pages) In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction; or loss in value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

Borrower shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in

owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

Borrower shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

12. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Walver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Borrower or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities or Successors in Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right of remedy.

13. Joint and Several Liability: Co-signers: Successors and Assigns Bound. Borrower covenants

Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right of remedy.

13. Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers; Successors and Assigns Bound. Borrower covenants and agrees that Borrower's obligations and liability shall be joint and several. However, any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note (a "co-signer"): (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey the co-signer's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the co-signer's cousent.

(c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the co-signer's coursent.

Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, shall obtain all of Borrower's rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower shall not be released from Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as provided in Section 20) and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender.

14. Loan Charges, Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower's default, for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees, in regard to any other fees; the absence of express authority in this Security Instrument to charge a specific fee that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permuted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permuted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permuted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permuted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note). Borrower is proposed to the Note of by making a direct payment to Borrower in the refuse of t

WASHINGTON—Single Family—Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Bankers Systems, Inc., St. Cloud, MN Form MD-1-WA 8/21/2000 IOAN #: 700190512 (page 6 of 9 pages) 16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicitly allow the parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a prohibition against agreement by contract. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, effect without the conflicting provision.

As used in this Security Instrument: (a) words of the masculine gender shall mean and include corresponding neuter words or words of the feminine gender; (b) words in the singular shall mean and include the plural and vice versa; and (c) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action.

include the plural and vice versa; and (c) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action.

17. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

18. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. As used in this Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a purchaser. If all or any part of the Property or any Interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

19. Borrower's Right to Reinstate After Acceleration. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Borrower's right to reinstate; or (c) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower; (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument, shall continue unchanged. Lender may require that Borrower pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is during the property and rights under this Security Instrument, upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal

reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and obligations secured hereby shall remain runly effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 18.

20. Sale of Note, Changé of Loan Servicer; Notice of Grievance. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) can be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale might result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument and performs other mortgage loan servicing obligations under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other information RESPA requires in connection with a notice of transfer of servicing. If the Note is sold and thereafter the Loan is serviced by a remain with the Loan Servicer or be transferred to a successor Loan Servicer and are not assumed by the Note purchaser unless otherwise provided by the Note purchaser.

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached reportive action for any duty owed by reason of, this Security Instrument, until such Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (with such other party hereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If Applicable deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration and opportunity to cure section 18 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and op

Section 20.

21. Hazardous Substances. As used in this Section 21: (a) "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos of formaldehyde, and radioactive materials; (b) "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection; (c) "Environmental Cleanup" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in Environmental Law; and (d) an. "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property (a) that is in violation of any Environmental Law, (b) which creates an Environmental Condition, or (c) which, due to the presence, use, or release of a sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

WASHINGTON—Single Family—Fannle Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Bankers Systems, Inc., St. Cloud, MN Form MD-1-WA 8/21/2000 LOAN #: 700190512 (page 7 of 9 pages) Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge, (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, discharge, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance, and (c) any condition caused by the presence, use or release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, or any private party, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein shall create any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Cleanup.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

22. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Section 18 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument and sale of the Property at public auction at a date not less than 120 days in the future. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstale after acceleration, the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument and sale of the Property at public auction at a date not less than 120 days in the future. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration, the right to bring a court action to assert the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and sale, and any other matters required to be included in the notice by Applicable Law. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option, may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may invoke the power of sale and/or any other remedies permitted by Applicable Law. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuin the remedies provided in this Section 22, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

If Lender invokes the power of sale, Lender shall give written notice to Trustee of the occurrence of an event of default and of Lender's election to cause the Property to be sold. Trustee and Lender shall take such action regarding notice of sale and shall give such notices to Borrower and to other persons as Applicable Law may require. After the time required by Applicable Law and after public auction to the highest bidder at the time and place and under the terms designated in the notice of sale. Trustee, without demand on Borrower, shall sell the Property at public auction to the highest bidder at the time and place and under the terms designated in the notice of sale. Lender or its designace may purchase the Property at any sale.

Trustee shall deliver to the purchaser Trustee's deed conveying the Property without any covenant or warranty, expressed or implied. The recitals in the Trustee's deed shall be prima facie evidence of the truth of the statements made therein. Trustee shall apply the proceeds of the sale

place.

23. Reconveyance. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall request Trustee to reconvey the Property and shall surrender this Security Instrument and all notes evidencing debt secured by this Security Instrument to Trustee. Trustee shall reconvey the Property without warranty to the person or persons legally entitled to it. Such person or persons shall pay any recordation costs and the Trustee's fee for preparing the reconveyance.

24. Substitute Trustee. In accordance with Applicable Law, Lender may from time to time appoint a successor trustee to any Trustee appointed hereunder who has ceased to act. Without conveyance of the Property, the successor trustee shall succeed to all the title, power and duties conferred upon Trustee herein and by Applicable Law.

25. Use of Property. The Property is not used principally for agricultural purposes:

26. Attorneys' Fees. Lender shall be entitled to recover its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs in fees, "whenever used in this Security Instrument, shall include without limitation attorneys' fees incurred by Lender in any bankruptcy proceeding or on appeal.

## ORAL AGREEMENTS OR ORAL COMMITMENTS TO LOAN MONEY, EXTEND CREDIT, OR TO FORBEAR FROM ENFORCING REPAYMENT OF A DEBT ARE NOT ENFORCEABLE UNDER WASHINGTON LAW.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

2010	James Bw
-Borrower	JAMES BURCHELL
(Seal) -Воггоwer	PAM BURCHELL

WASHINGTON—Single Family—Famile Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT s, hc., St. Cloud, MN Form ND-1-WA 8/21/2000 LOAN #: 700190512

Form 3048 1/01 ipage 8 of 9 pages

## BOOK 207 PAGE 475

personally	appeared before me !!AM!!	County ss:  day of March, 2001  BENCHELL HUSBAND AND PAM BURCHELL, WIFE  the signer(s) of the above instrument, who he Y. executed the same.	
	ission expires:		
	CAROL HARRIS STATE OF WASHINGTON NOTARY — • — PUBLIC My Commission Expires Feb 1, 2004	(Notary Public in and for the State of Washington, residing at	
REQUEST FOR RECONVEYANCE			
directed to	TEE: undersigned is the holder of the all other indebtedness see cancel said note or notes ar tranty, all the estate now he	f the note or notes secured by this Deed of Trust. Said note or notes, cured by this Deed of Trust, have been paid in full. You are hereby in this Deed of Trust, which are delivered hereby, and to reconvey, and by you under this Deed of Trust to the person or persons legally	
Date:			