Form <b>668(Y)</b>		Notice of Federal Tax Lien Under Internal Revenue Laws				
(Rev. January 1989)	Notic					
District		Serial Numbe		<u></u>	or Optional Use by Recording Office	
- 5	eattle, WA	*	9190070	397		
notice is givessed against this liability to the favor of the faxor of	ren that taxes ( sinst the followings sas been made, b s United States o	, 6322, and 6323 of the including interest and grammed taxpayer, ut it remains unpaid, in all property and rigitunt of these taxes, accue.	d penalties) h Demand for pa Therefore, there ats to property i	ave been lyment of le is a lien belonging lie	Frances	
ame of Tayner	ver NORMAN A	STENCH	<del></del>		3	
	yen tom the tr			C.V.	R	
Residence	6 0 10V 10	A7			/ A \	
	P.O. BOX 15 WHITE SALMO		•	T.	1 N P .	
Kind of Tax (a)	Tax Period Ended (b)	identifying Number	Date of Assessment (d)	Last Day for Refiling (e)	Unpeld Belance of Assessment (f)	
6672	09/30/89		02/12/90	03/14/96	25634.93	
		AUDITOR HA COUNTY ISON, WA 9864	8	Total	\$ 25634.93	
	prepared and sig		le, WA	Registered to and the fadirect	, on	
ne <u>15th</u> da	y of <u>May</u> ,	19		h 11 5:	<u>)5.40</u>	

(NOTE: Pertitions of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax tien.

Rev. Ruy 71-466, 1971 - 2 C.B. 409)

Form 668(Y) (Rev. 1-89)

Revenue Officer 91-01-1307

Part 1 - Kept By Recording Office

Notice 9 XB Clerk (or Registrar). ien 9 ₹

> (2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien - For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (4), property shall be deemed to be situated -

physical location; or (B) Personal Property - in the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

(A) Real Property - In the case of real property; at its

For purposes of paragraph (2) (8), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the Unit

Status shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form — The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a

Note: See section 6323(b) for protection for certain interests even though notice of lien imposed by section 6321 is filed with respect

**Motor vehicles** 

Personal property purchased at retail

Personal property purchased in casual sale Personal property subjected to possessory lien

Real property tax and special assessment liens

erty subject to a mechanic's tion for certain repairs and improvements

Attorney's liens

Certain insurance contracts

Passbook loans

(g) Refling Of Notice. — For purposes of this

(1) General Rule. — Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien unail be treated as filed on the date or which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) Place For Filing. — A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only (A) if-

(i) such notice of lien is reflied in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed, and

(ii) in the case of real property, the fact of refiling is antered and recorded in the index to the extent required by ection (f) (4), and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lies under subparagraph (A), the

Secretary received written information (in the mar prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence. If a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located.

United States

(3) Required Refilling Period. — in the case any notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means -(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax, and (B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such nation of lian

Sec. 6325. Release Of Lien Or Discharge Of Property.

(a) Ricleage Of Lien. — Subject to such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary shall issue a certificate of release of any flen imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax not later than 30 days after the day on which -

(1) Liability Satisfied or Uninforceable - The Secretary finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted - There is furnished to the Secretary and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the paym the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (includi thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the band and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such requisi

Sec. 6103. Confidentiality and Dis-closure of Returns and Return Information.

(a) Disclosure of Certain Returns and Return Information For Tax Administration Purposes —

(2) Disclosure of amount of outstanding lies, - If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to section 6323(f), the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by such lien may be declosed to any person who furnishes satisfactory written evidence that he has a right in the property subject to such lies or intends to obtain a right in such property.

Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes.

**Excerpts From Internal Revenue Code** 

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in lavor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lance of time

Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

(a) Purchaser's, Holders Of Security Interests, Mechanic's Lienors, And Judgment Lien Creditors. — The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienar, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (f) has been filed by the Secretary.

(1) Place For Fiting Notice; Form.—

(1) Place For Filing - The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed -

(A) Under State Laws

(f) Real Property - in the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property - in the case of personal

property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, which the property subject to the lien is situated;

(B) With Clark Of District Court - In the office of the clark of the United States district court for the Judicial district in which the property subject to lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A), or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia - In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lies is situated in the District