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Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service Form 668 Notice of Federal Tax Lien Under Internal Revenue Laws (Rev.: September 1978) Serial Number For Optional Use by Recording Office District OB 82 4118 Portland, Oregon As provided by sections 6321, 6322, and 6323 of the Internal Revenue Code, notice is given that taxes (including interest and penalties) have been assessed against the following-named taxpayer. Demand for payment of this liability has been made, but it remains unpaid. Therefore, there is a lien in favor of the United States on all property and rights to property belonging to this taxpayer for the amount of these taxes, and additional penalties, interest, and costs that may accrue. Name of Taxpayer P/P 3042 Terry & Ronda Kimble 455 SW 141st Ave. Beaverton, Oregon 97006 Unpaid Balance **Identifying Number** Kind of Tax Tax Period Ended **Date of Assessment** of Assessment (c) 1040 12-31-81 150 04-12-82 \$1,059.00 Place of Filing Total \$1,059.00 County Auditor, Skamania County (Washington State) Portland, Oregon This notice was prepared and signed at day of October 1982 Signature Carole Green

Revenue Officer

Lay Jimble

United State

Excerpts From Internal Revenue Code

Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand the amount (including any; interest, additional amount (addition to lax, or assessable penalty together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in tayor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless another date is specifically, fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

- (a) Purchasers, Helders Of Security Interests, Mechanic's Lienors, And Judgment Lien Creditors.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (f) has been filed by the Secretary.
- (b) Protection For Certain Interests Even Though Notice Filed — Even though notice of a lien imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such lien shall not be
- (1) Place For Filing Notice: Form.—
- (1) Place for Filing.—The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed.—
 - (i) Real Property.—In the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State. In which the property subject to the lien is situated; and
 - smated; and "Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible; in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated;
 - (B) With Clerk Of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

- (C): With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District of Columbia. In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia if the property subject to the lief is situated in the District of Columbia.
- (2) Situs of Property Subject To Lien. For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (4) property shall be deemed to be
 - (A) Real-Property in the case of real property, at its
 - physical location of \$6 (B) Personal Property In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayers at the time the ending of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph ((2)(B) othe residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the united States hall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia. (3) Form—The form and content of the notice refer-

- (3) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in sc. section (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary. Such notice shall be valid not with standing any other provision of law coarding the form or content of a notice of lien.
 - (g) Refiling Of Notice. For purpose of this section -
- (f) General Rule Unless inotice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, ssuch notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which lifes filed (in accordance with subsection (f)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

(2) Place For Filing.—A notice of iten refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only—
(A) If such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the origin refiler was filed; and

which the prior notice of tien was filed; and
(8) sin any case in which 90 days or more prior to the
date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A);
the Secretary received written information (in the manner
prescribed in oregulations, issued by the Secretary) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice
of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f)
in the State in which such residence is located.

(a) Required, Refilling Period. — In the case of any motice of liter, the term required refilling period" means

(A) the one-year, period ending 30 days after the expication of Goyears after the date of the assessment of the tax (and)

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 66 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

Sec 6325. Release Of Lien Or Discharge Of Property.

(a) Release Of Lien — Subject to such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe the Secretary may issue a secretificate of release of any illen imposed with respect to yany internal revenue taxilf—

(ii) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary finds that the liability for the amount, assessed, together with all interest in respect, thereof, has been fully

statistied or has become legally unenforceable; or (2) Bond Accepted — There is furnished to the Secretary land accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the spayment of the amount lassessed, together with all interest in respect thereof: within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and iform of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.

Sec. 6103. Confidentiality and disclosure of returns and return information.

(k) Disclosure of Certain Returns and Return Information For Tax Administration *Purposes.—

(2) Disclosure of amount of outstanding lien.—If anotice, of lien has been filled pursuant to section 6323(1), the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by such lien may be disclosed to any person who turnishes satisfactory written evidence that he has a right in the property subject to such lien or intends to obtain a right in such property.